

## **SMALL-SIDED REFEREE RULES**



## **Editorial Team**

Project Coordinator: Lindsay Jesseau

Member Programs & Events Coordinator

Layout and Design: Rob Csabai

Manager of Coaching Development/ Senior Programs Coach

Edited by: Lindsay Jesseau

Member Programs & Events Coordinator

Pat Harkness RDC Secretary

Content Contributors: Jose Branco

Referee Development Coordinator

Pat Harkness RDC Secretary

Address: British Columbia Soccer Association

Suite 510-375 Water Street

Vancouver, British Columbia, V6B 5C6 - Canada

Phone: 1-604-299-6401 Facsimile: 1-604-299-9610

Internet: www.bcsoccer.net

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# All Youth Districts shall administer Small-Sided Games programming under the regulations stated in this document:

### **RULE 1 – THE FIELD OF PLAY**

Field Sizes, Goal Sizes and Field Markings for the age groups must conform to the details as shown on the tables, diagrams and descriptions found in Appendix "B" of these rules.

## **RULE 2 - THE BALL**

Ball size must conform to the table as set out below:

Age Group	U6	U7 & U8	U9 & U10	U11 & U12
Ball Size	3	3	3 or 4	4

#### **RULE 3 - NUMBER OF PLAYERS**

Age Group	U6	U7 & U8	U9 & U10	U11 & U12
Game Format	3 v 3 No goalkeeper *	4 v 4 Including goalkeeper	7 v 7 Including goalkeeper	8 v8 Including goalkeeper
Minimum Team Roster Size	8	8	11	12
Maximum Team Squad Size	12	12	14	16

<sup>\*</sup>Goalkeeper added if using a goal

## **Substitutions and Playing Time:**

- Unlimited substitution shall be allowed.
- Substitutions shall be allowed at stoppages, under the control of the referee.
- Players <u>must take equal turns</u> in all field positions including the goalkeeper position that must be rotated at half time. It is not necessary that all players play in the goalkeeper position during a single game.

#### **RULE 4 - PLAYERS EQUIPMENT**

- Players shall not wear anything which endangers themselves or other players.
- Basic compulsory equipment shall consist of shorts, socks, shin guards, footwear, and a jersey.
- Goalkeepers must wear colours which are distinguishable from all outfield players and the referee.
- A player who is asked to leave the field of play because of defective or dangerous equipment may not re-enter the field of play until the referee is satisfied that the equipment is permissible.
- Non-uniform clothing is allowed based on weather conditions, but uniforms must still distinguish teams.
- Jewelry is not permitted.

#### **RULE 5 – THE REFEREE**

A Small-sided referee or nominated person may be used. The referee's role is to keep players safe and ensure that the game is played under the "fair play" code.

Team Officials that are 'on' the field of play during the match shall conduct themselves accordingly and are subject to discipline by the referee.

#### The referee shall:

- Enforce the rules of the game.
- Refrain from penalizing in cases where the offending team may gain an advantage.
- Report in writing to the Club or appropriate authority, any misconduct by players, parents, spectators or other persons which takes place on the field of play or its vicinity at any time during the game.
- Control who may enter or leave the field of play.
- Stop the game immediately if a player appears to be injured, bleeding, or concussed.
- Signal to start the game, and to restart it after a stoppage.
- Decide if the field of play and all applicable equipment is suitable.

#### **RULE 6 – THE ASSISTANT REFEREE**

 None required, the referee or nominated person decides as to which team the kickin/throw-in is awarded to.

#### **RULE 7 - DURATION OF GAME**

The duration of the games must conform to the table as set out below:

Age Group	U6	U7 & U8	U9 & U10	U11 & U12
Duration	2 x 15 min	2 x 15 min	2 x 25 min	2 x 30 min
Half Time	5 min	5 min	5 min	5 min

#### **RULE 8 – START AND RESTART OF PLAY**

- At the beginning of the game, choice of halves and the kick-off shall be decided by the toss of a coin.
- The team which wins the toss shall decide which goal to attack in the first half the other team will take the kick-off.
- At a kick-off, all players shall be in their own half of the field of play.
- All players opposing the team taking the kick-off shall be not less than
  - o U6, u7 and U8 5 meters from the ball until it is kicked and moves forward.
  - o U9-U10 8 meters from the ball until it is kicked and moves forward.
  - U11-U12 9 meters from the ball until it is kicked and moves forward.
- The game shall be started by the referee giving a signal.
- The ball will be in play when it is kicked forward into the opponent's half of the field.
- For any infringement of this rule, the kick-off shall be retaken.
- Should the player taking the kick-off play or touch the ball a second time before it has been played or touched by another player, an indirect free-kick shall be awarded to the opposing team.
- After a goal has been scored, the game shall be restarted by a kick-off, to be taken by a player of the team against which the goal was scored.
- After the first half of play, the teams shall change halves and the kick-off shall be taken by a player of the team opposing that which started the game.
- A drop ball will be awarded if there is an injury, interference by an outside agent, or any other reason that the referee stops play which is not a foul.

#### **RULE 9 - BALL IN AND OUT OF PLAY**

## The ball is OUT of play:

- When the whole of the ball has crossed the goal-line, or touch-line, whether on the ground or in the air.
- When the play has been stopped by the referee.

#### The ball is IN play:

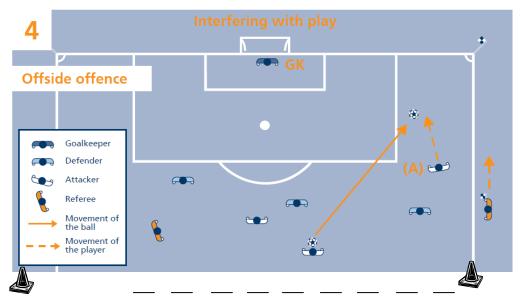
 At all other times including when it rebounds into play from a goal-post, a cross-bar, or a corner flag post, or referee and remains in the field of play.

#### **RULE 10 – THE METHOD OF SCORING**

- A goal is scored when the whole of the ball has crossed over the goal-line, between
  the goal-posts and under the cross-bar, provided it has not been thrown, carried or
  intentionally propelled by hand or arm, by a player of the attacking team, except by a
  goalkeeper from within his own penalty-area.
- The referee shall be the sole judge as to whether a goal has been scored.

#### **RULE 11 - OFFSIDE**

- U6, U7, U8, U9 and U10 NO Offside.
- U11 & U12 is in effect in the attacking 3<sup>rd</sup> of the field. This line may be marked as a dotted line, and solid line or single cones on the touch line.
- When an offside offence occurs, the referee awards an indirect free kick to be taken from the position of the offending player when the ball was last played to him by one of his team-mates.



Cone marking attacking 3rd of field

A player in an offside position (A) may be penalised before playing or touching the ball, if, in the opinion of the referee, no other team-mate in an onside position has the opportunity to play the ball.

#### **RULE 12 - FOULS AND MISCONDUCT:**

The referee or nominated person must explain ALL infringements to the offending player.

- A free kick<sup>1</sup> is awarded to the opposing team if a player commits any of the following seven offences in a manner considered by the referee to be careless, reckless or using excessive force:
  - 1. kicks or attempts to kick an opponent
  - 2. trips or attempts to trip an opponent
  - 3. jumps at an opponent
  - 4. charges an opponent
  - 5. strikes or attempts to strike an opponent
  - 6. pushes an opponent
  - 7. tackles an opponent

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> For U6 thru U10 – all free kicks are Indirect.

- A free kick is also awarded to the opposing team if a player commits any of the following three offences:
  - 1. holds an opponent
  - 2. spits at an opponent
  - 3. handles the ball deliberately (except for the goalkeeper within his own penalty area)
- Indirect free kick An indirect free kick is also awarded to the opposing team if, in the opinion of the referee, a player:
  - 1. plays in a dangerous manner
  - 2. impedes the progress of an opponent
  - 3. prevents the goalkeeper from releasing the ball from his hands
  - 4. commits any other offence, not previously mentioned in Law 12

### **UNDER 6 through UNDER 10**

- An indirect free kick is awarded to the opposing team at the center spot on the halfway line if the goalkeeper punts or drop-kicks the ball in the air from his/her goal area into the opponents goal area.
- Misconduct: NO cards shown for these age groups.

#### **UNDER 11 & UNDER 12**

- An indirect free kick at the center spot on the halfway line if a goalkeeper punts or drop-kicks the ball in the air from his/her penalty area into the opponent's penalty area.
- Misconduct: Caution (yellow) and send off (red) cards are used.

#### **RULE 13- FREE KICKS**

- All free kicks for U6, U7, U8, U9 and U10 are INDIRECT free kicks.
- Direct and indirect free-kicks apply for the U11 and U12 age groups.
- For any infringement of the small sided soccer rules when the ball is in play, the referee may award a free-kick to the non-offending team.
- Indirect free kick another player must touch the ball before a goal can be score or the player taking the free kick can play the ball.
- An indirect free kick is indicated by the Referee raising his/her hand.
- A goal may NOT be scored directly from an indirect free-kick.
- The free-kick shall be taken from the place where the infringement occurred, unless the free-kick is awarded to the attacking team within its opponents' penalty-area. In this case, the free kick shall be taken from the outside edge of the penalty area in line where the offense took place.
- At the taking of a free-kick, the ball shall be stationary and all opponents shall be not less than (U6 - 5 meters, U7-U10 – 8 meters, U11-U12 – 9 meters) from the ball until it has been kicked.
- The ball shall be in play when it has been kicked and moved and has passed outside the penalty-area.
- For any infringement of this rule, the free-kick shall be retaken.

- A player taking a free-kick shall not play or touch the ball a second time until it has been played or touched by another player.
- For any infringement of this rule, an indirect free-kick shall be awarded to the opposing team.
- Direct and indirect free-kicks apply for the U11 and U12 age groups.
   Direct free kick a goal can be scored directly.

#### **RULE 14 - PENALTY KICKS**

- U6, U7, U8, U9 and U10 There are NO PENALTY KICKS.
- U11-U12 Position of the ball and the players.
  - The ball must be placed on the penalty mark.
  - o The player taking the penalty kick: must be properly identified.
- The defending goalkeeper:
  - Must remain on his goal line, facing the kicker, between the goalposts until the ball has been kicked.
- The players other than the kicker must be located:
  - Inside the field of play.
  - Outside the penalty area.
  - Behind the penalty mark at least 9 meters from the penalty mark.

## Procedure

- After the players have taken positions in accordance with this Law, the referee signals for the penalty kick to be taken
  - 1. The player taking the penalty kick must kick the ball forward.
  - 2. Must not play the ball again until it has touched another player.
  - 3. The ball is in play when it is kicked and moves forward.
- When a penalty kick is taken during the normal course of play, or time has been extended at half-time or full time to allow a penalty kick to be taken or retaken, a goal is awarded if, before passing between the goalposts and under the crossbar: the ball touches either or both of the goalposts and/or the crossbar and/or the goalkeeper.
- The referee decides when a penalty kick has been completed.

#### **RULE 15 – THE THROW-IN/KICK-IN:**

#### U6 uses a KICK-IN

A kick-in will replace the official throw-in at this age group. A kick-in is to be considered as an indirect free kick with the opponents 5 meters from the ball until it is in play.

When the whole of the ball has crossed the touch-line, either on the ground or in the air, the ball shall be kicked-in from the point where it left the field of play, by a member of the team opposing that of the player who last played or touched it.

The player taking the kick-in shall:

- a) Face the field of play and
- b) Kick the ball from on, or behind, the touch line.
  - The ball will be in play immediately after it enters the field of play.
  - If the player taking the "kick in" plays, or touches, the ball a second time before it has been played or touched by another player, a free kick shall be awarded to the opposing team.
  - At the taking of a kick-in, all opponents must be at 5 meters from the ball.
  - A goal may not be scored directly from a kick-in.

#### **UNDER 7-UNDER 12 uses a THROW-IN**

When the whole of the ball has crossed the touch-line, either on the ground or in the air, the ball shall be thrown-in from the point where it left the field of play, by a member of the team opposing that of the player who last played or touched it.

The player taking the throw-in shall:

- a) Face the field of play,
- b) Have part of each foot on the touch line or on the ground outside the touch line,
- c) Use both hands, and
- d) Deliver the ball from behind and over her/his head.
  - For U-7 to U-10 if the player fails to throw the ball in correctly, she/he shall be permitted a second attempt. If the second attempt is unsuccessful, a throw-in shall be awarded to the opposing team.
  - For U-11 & U-12 FIFA Rules apply.
  - The ball will be in play immediately after it enters the field of play.
  - If the player taking the throw-in plays or touches the ball a second time before it has been played or touched by another player, a free-kick shall be awarded to the opposing team.
  - At the taking of a throw-in, all opponents must be at least 2 meters from the ball.
  - A goal may not be scored directly from a throw-in.

#### **RULE 16 – THE GOAL KICK**

- The goal kick should be taken within (U6 3 meters, U7 -U12 anywhere within the goal area) off the goal line anywhere across the width of the field of play at the nearest point from where the ball was retrieved.
- Opposing players must be (U6 5 meters, U7-U10 8 meters, U11-U12 9 meters) away from the ball until it is in play.
- U6, U7, U8, U9 and U10 A goal cannot be scored directly from a goal kick.
- U11and U12 -A goal may be scored directly from a goal kick, but only against the opposing team.

#### **RULE 17 – THE CORNER KICK**

- When the whole of the ball has crossed the goal-line, either on the ground or in the air, excluding that portion between the goal-posts, having last been played or touched by a member of the defending team, a corner-kick shall be awarded to the attacking team.
- The corner-kick shall be taken from within the corner-arc nearest to where the ball crossed the goal-line.
- All opponents shall be no less than (U6 5 meters, U7-U10 8 meters, U11-U12 9 meters) from the ball until it has been kicked.
- The ball is in play when it is kicked and moves.
- If the player taking the corner-kick plays or touches the ball a second time before it has been played or touched by another player, a free-kick shall be awarded to the opposing team.
- U6, U7, U8, U9 and U10 A goal cannot be scored directly from a corner kick.
- U11 and U12 A goal may be scored directly from a corner-kick.

## Appendix "A" - SELECTION AND EVALUCATION PROCESS

#### Selection Process:

Districts and clubs are expected to form teams from all registrants each year in a manner which is "non-selective" at the following age groups Under 6, Under 7, Under 8, Under 9 and Under 10. No teams should retain all players from the previous year, thereby making a select team.

## <u>Player Selections via an Evaluation Process - Under 11 and Under 12:</u>

At the Under 11 and Under 12 age groups districts and clubs should form teams based on the grouping together of likeminded players which includes ability. This grouping must be conducted and implemented via an ongoing evaluation process. The ongoing sustainable evaluation process must be conducted by the District Head Coach, Club Head Coach or Club Technical Director supported by the Club's coaching staff is mandatory in the evaluation and selection of players. It is important to realize that District's and Club's goal should not be to group together likeminded players in order to create a "winning team" at the U13 age group. But rather those likeminded players develop as individuals playing with and against players of equal ability. All Districts and Clubs should encourage that all games are played in a competitive atmosphere whereby the result is not a factor. Players develop by playing in likeminded competitive games as opposed to games where the result is seen to be more important that the players' individual needs.

This evaluation process must replace the one or two session tryout process. Player Selection via a competition format (tryout process) is NOT to the benefit of the player and nor is it conducive to Player Development. The evaluation process should be a process whereby the players being evaluated is grouped into teams of like mindedness and ability.

#### How should this process be carried out?

The initial evaluation of the Under 11 age group must start at the beginning of the season at the Under 10 age group. The evaluation process for the Under 12 age group must start at the beginning of the season at the U11 age group.

The evaluation and selection of the age groups should be conducted through the following means:Continual Seasonal In-Club Team Scouting

Club Academy or Club Program's of Excellence Monitoring Ongoing Club Evaluation Process – camps

#### **Evaluation Process:**

To assist the coach of the Under 11 and Under 12 age groups within the Club, it is a recommendation that a series of evaluation camps be held throughout the season. This will provide the coaches and their staff an opportunity to assess the player's capabilities and potential of participating within the 8 a-Side program.

#### No single opportunity try-out:

In all Small-sided Games Programming, the emphasis shall be placed on development, fun, sportsmanship, education, and respect for teammates, the opponents and officials.

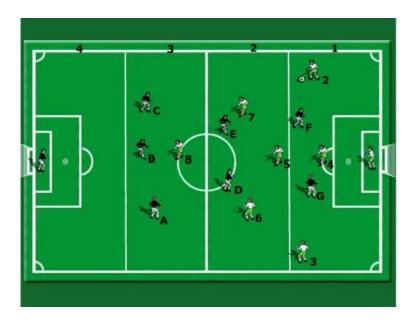
## Appendix "B" - Field Markings (reference: Law 1)

Field sizes must conform to the table as set out below:

Age Group	Min Width	Max Width	Min Length	Max Length
U6	18 Meters	22 Meters	25 Meters	30 Meters
U7 & U8	20 Meters	25 Meters	30 Meters	36 Meters
U9 & U10	30 Meters	36 Meters	40 Meters	55 Meters
U11 & U12	42 Meters	55 Meters	60 Meters	75 Meters

Goal sizes must conform to the table as set out below:

Age Group	Goal Length	Goal Height	Option
U6	8 feet/2.438	5 feet/1.524	Anything smaller
	Meters	Meters	
U7 & U8	8 feet/2.438	5 feet/1.524	Anything smaller
	Meters	Meters	
U9 & U10	12 feet/3.657	6 feet/1.83 Meters	none
	Meters		
U11 & U12	18 feet/5.49	6 feet/1.83 Meters	none
	Meters		



## **U6-U8 Field Markings**

- Distinctive lines not more than fifteen (15) centimeters wide.
- The field of play is divided into two halves by a halfway line.
- The center mark is indicated at the midpoint of the halfway line.
- A circle with a radius of five (5) meters is marked around it.
- All field markings may be marked by the means of cones

- If 3v3 with no goalkeepers, there is no goal area.
- If 3v3 (U6) plus a goalkeeper, 4v4 (U7 & U8) including a goalkeeper; A goal area is defined at each end of the field as follows:
- Two lines are drawn at right angles to the goal line three (3) meters from the inside each goalpost.
- These lines extend into the field of play for a distance of three (3) meters and are joined by a line drawn parallel with the goal line.
- The area bounded by these lines and the goal line is the goal area.
- There is no penalty area
- There are no flag posts, if used must be 5 feet
- There is no corner arc, if used must be 1m radius
- Offside: Not applicable

## **U9-U10 Field Markings**

- Distinctive lines not more than fifteen (15) centimeters wide.
- The field of play is divided into two halves by a halfway line.
- The center mark is indicated at the midpoint of the halfway line.
- A circle with a radius of eight (8) meters is marked around it.
- All field markings may be marked by the means of cones
- Two lines are drawn at right angles to the goal line ten (10) meters from the inside each goalpost.
- These lines extend into the field of play for a distance of ten (10) meters and are joined by a line drawn parallel with the goal line.
- The area bounded by these lines and the goal line is the goal area.
- There is no penalty area
- There are no flag posts, if used must be 5 feet
- There is no corner arc, if used must be 1m radius
- Offside: Not applicable

#### U11 and U12 Field Markings

- Distinctive lines not more than fifteen (15) centimeters wide.
- The field of play is divided into thirds and by a centre spot that indicates a centre spot that is located at the midpoint.
- A circle with a radius of nine (9) meters may, but not mandatory be marked around it.
- All field markings may be marked by the means of cones
- This line may be marked as a dotted line, and solid line or single cones on the touch line.
- Score can be recorded
- There is no goal area
- A penalty area is defined at each end of the field as follows:
- Two lines are drawn at right angles to the goal line, eleven (11) meters from the inside of each goalpost.
- These lines extend into the field of play for a distance of eleven (11) meters and are joined by a line drawn parallel with the goal line.

- The area bounded by these lines and the goal line is the penalty area.
- Within each penalty area a penalty mark is made nine (9) meters from the midpoint between the goalposts and equidistant to them.
- There are no flag posts, if used must be 5 feet
- There is no corner arc, if used must be 1m radius
- Offside Line parallel to the centre line should be marked from touch line to touch line at the attacking third mark.